

**A**

- Acetabulum
  - anterior column, S59
  - posterior column, S59
- Acromioclavicular dislocation, S104, S106
- Acromion. *See* Scapula
- Ankle dislocations, S125
- AO pediatric comprehensive
  - classification of long bone fractures (PCCF). *See* Pediatric comprehensive classification of long bone fractures
- Avulsion of tuberosity, S7–S8

**C**

- Calcaneus
  - articular fractures involving posterior facet, S92–S93
  - avulsion, process or tuberosity fractures, S92–S93
  - bones, S92
  - nonarticular body fractures, S92–S93
- Capitate
  - bones, S75
  - fractures, S76
- Capitellum fracture, S17
- Carpal-metacarpal dislocations, S120, S122
- Carpus
  - bones, S75
  - fractures, S76–S77
- Cephalotubercular fracture, S7, S10
- Cervical spine dislocation, S111
- Childhood fractures. *See* Pediatric comprehensive classification of long bone fractures (PCCF), AO
- Clavicle
  - dislocations, S104, S106–S107
  - fractures, S72–S74
  - medial end, diaphysis
    - groups, S72
    - subgroups and qualifications, S73
  - medial end, lateral end
    - groups, S72
    - subgroups and qualifications, S74
  - medial end, metaphysis, groups, S72
- Corocoid. *See* Scapula
- Coronoid process. *See* Radius/ulna
- Cuboid
  - bones, S94
  - fractures, S94
- Cuneiforms
  - bones, S94
  - fractures, S94

**D**

- Dislocations, S103–S128
  - elbow, S108–S110
  - foot and ankle, S125–S128
  - general principles, S103
  - hand and wrist, S120–S124
  - hip, S112

- knee, S113–S117
- pelvic, S118–S119
- shoulder, S104–S107
- spine, S111
- Distal interphalangeal joint
  - dislocations, S124

**E**

- Elbow dislocations, S108–S110
- Epicondylar. *See* Humerus fractures and dislocations, distal
- Epiphyseal fractures. *See* Humerus fractures and dislocations, distal

**F**

- Femur fractures, S31–S42
  - diaphyseal, S35–S38
    - complex
      - groups, S35
      - subgroups and qualifications, S38
    - pediatric, S152
    - simple
      - groups, S35
      - subgroups and qualifications, S36
    - wedge
      - groups, S35
      - subgroups and qualifications, S37
  - distal, S39–S42
    - complete articular
      - groups, S39
      - subgroups and qualifications, S42
    - extra-articular
      - groups, S39
      - subgroups and qualifications, S40
    - partial articular
      - groups, S39
      - subgroups and qualifications, S41
  - proximal, S31–S34
    - epiphyseal, pediatric, S150
    - head fracture
      - groups, S31
      - subgroups and qualifications, S34
    - metaphyseal/femoral neck,
      - pediatric, S140
    - neck fracture
      - groups, S31
      - subgroups and qualifications, S33
    - trochanteric
      - groups, S31
      - subgroups and qualifications, S32
- Fibula. *See* Tibia/fibula
- Foot
  - bones, S89
  - dislocations, S125–S128

- fractures, S90–S94 (*See also specific bones*)
- multiple crush fractures, S94
- Forefoot dislocations, S125, S127–S128

**G**

- Galeazzi fracture-dislocations, S24–S26
- Glenohumeral dislocations, S7–S10, S104–S105
- Goyrand-Smith fracture, S28

**H**

- Hamate
  - bones, S75
  - fractures, S77
- Hand and carpus. *See also specific bones*
  - bones, S75
  - fractures, S75–S77
- Hand dislocations, S120–S124
- Hip dislocations, S112
- Holdsworth slice rotation fracture, S132
- Humerus fractures, S7–S18
  - diaphyseal, S11–S14
    - complex
      - groups, S11
      - subgroups and qualifications, S14
    - pediatric, S142
    - simple
      - groups, S11
      - subgroups and qualifications, S12
    - wedge
      - groups, S11
      - subgroups and qualifications, S13
  - distal, S15–S18
    - complete articular
      - groups, S15
      - subgroups and qualifications, S18
    - epiphyseal, pediatric, S142
    - extra-articular
      - groups, S15
      - subgroups and qualifications, S16
    - metaphyseal, pediatric, S142
    - partial articular
      - groups, S15
      - subgroups and qualifications, S17
  - proximal, S7–S10
    - articular
      - groups, S7
      - subgroups and qualifications, S10
    - epiphyseal, pediatric, S141
    - extra-articular bifocal
      - groups, S7
      - subgroups and qualifications, S9

Humerus fractures, proximal—  
 extra-articular unifocal  
 groups, S7  
 subgroups and qualifications, S8  
 metaphyseal, pediatric, S141

**I**

Intercarpal dislocations, S120–S121

**K**

Knee dislocations, S113–S117  
 Kocher I fracture, S16  
 Kocher II fracture, S16

**L**

Lumbar spine dislocation, S111  
 Lunate  
 bones, S75  
 fractures, S76

**M**

Metacarpal bones, S75  
 Metacarpal dislocations, S120, S122  
 Metacarpal fractures, S78–S81  
 base  
 articular, S80  
 articular/extra-articular, S81  
 extra-articular, S79  
 groups, S78  
 diaphysis, S78  
 head  
 articular, S80  
 articular/extra-articular, S81  
 extra-articular, S80  
 groups, S78  
 Metacarpal phalangeal joint  
 dislocations, S123  
 Metatarsal bones, S95  
 Metatarsal fractures, S95–S98  
 diaphysis  
 comminuted, S98  
 groups, S95  
 noncomminuted, S96  
 wedge, S97  
 distal  
 articular, S98  
 extra-articular, S96  
 groups, S95  
 partial articular, S97  
 proximal  
 articular, S98  
 extra-articular, S96  
 groups, S95  
 partial articular, S97  
 Metatarsal-phalangeal joint  
 dislocations, S128  
 Milch I fracture, S17  
 Monteggia fracture-dislocations,  
 S24–S26

**N**

Navicular  
 bones, S89  
 fractures, S94

S162

**O**

Olecranon. *See* Radius/ulna

**P**

Patella fractures, S86–S88  
 complete articular  
 groups, S86  
 subgroups and qualifications,  
 S88  
 extra-articular, S86  
 partial articular  
 groups, S86  
 subgroups and qualifications, S87  
 Patellofemoral dislocations, S113,  
 S115  
 Pediatric comprehensive classification  
 of long bone fractures (PCCF),  
 AO, S135–S160  
 definitions, S136  
 femur  
 diaphyseal, S151  
 proximal epiphyseal, S150  
 proximal metaphyseal/femoral  
 neck, S140  
 humerus  
 diaphyseal, S141  
 distal epiphyseal, S142  
 distal metaphyseal, S142  
 proximal epiphyseal, S141  
 proximal metaphyseal, S141  
 injury pattern and growth, S135  
 locations  
 bone, S136  
 child code, S137–S138  
 exceptions and additional code,  
 S139–S140  
 fracture severity code, S138  
 fracture type, S137  
 segments, S136–S137  
 radius/ulna  
 combinations, S159–S160  
 diaphyseal, S145–S146  
 distal epiphyseal, S148–S149  
 distal metaphyseal, S147  
 proximal epiphyseal/radial head  
 and neck, S140, S143  
 proximal metaphyseal, S144  
 supracondylar, additional code,  
 S139–S140  
 tibia/fibula  
 combinations, S159  
 proximal epiphyseal, S153  
 Pelvis  
 classification systems, S59  
 definitions, S59  
 dislocations, S118–S119  
 fractures, S59–S67  
 acetabulum, S64–S67  
 complete articular, both columns  
 groups, S64  
 subgroups and qualifications,  
 S67

partial articular, one column  
 groups, S64  
 subgroups and qualifications,  
 S65  
 partial articular, transverse  
 groups, S64  
 subgroups and qualifications,  
 S66  
 pelvic ring, S59–S63  
 complete disruption of posterior  
 arch  
 groups, S59–S60  
 subgroups and qualifications,  
 S63  
 partially stable  
 groups, S60  
 subgroups and qualifications,  
 S62  
 stable  
 groups, S60  
 subgroups and qualifications,  
 S61  
 types, S59  
 unstable  
 groups, S60  
 subgroups and qualifications,  
 S63  
 Phalanges, foot, S89  
 Phalanx, foot, fractures, S99–S102  
 diaphysis  
 complex, S102  
 groups, S99  
 simple, S100  
 wedge, S101  
 distal  
 articular, S102  
 extra-articular, S100  
 groups, S99  
 partial articular, S101  
 proximal  
 articular, S102  
 extra-articular, S100  
 groups, S99  
 partial articular, S101  
 Phalanges, hand, S75  
 dislocations, S123–S124  
 Phalanx, hand, fractures, S82–S85  
 articular, S82  
 complete articular  
 groups, S82  
 subgroups and qualifications,  
 S85  
 diaphyseal, S82–S83  
 extra-articular  
 distal, S83  
 groups, S82  
 proximal, S83  
 partial articular  
 groups, S82  
 subgroups and qualifications, S84  
 Pisiform fractures, S77  
 Pouteau-Colles fracture, S28

- Proximal interphalangeal joint  
dislocations  
foot, S128  
hand, S123
- R**
- Radial carpal bone  
bones, S75  
fractures, S76–S77
- Radiocarpal dislocations, S120–S121
- Radiohumeral dislocation, S108–S109
- Radioulnar dislocation, distal, S108, S110
- Radius/ulna fractures, S19–S30  
diaphyseal, S23–S26  
complex  
groups, S23  
subgroups and qualifications, S26  
pediatric, S143–S149  
simple  
groups, S23  
subgroups and qualifications, S24  
wedge  
groups, S23  
subgroups and qualifications, S25  
distal, S27–S30  
complete articular  
groups, S27  
subgroups and qualifications, S30  
extra-articular  
groups, S27  
subgroups and qualifications, S28  
partial articular  
groups, S27  
subgroups and qualifications, S29  
pediatric  
epiphyseal, S149–S150  
metaphyseal, S148  
pediatric combinations, S159–S160  
proximal, S19–S22  
articular, surface of one bone  
groups, S19  
subgroups and qualifications, S21  
articular, surface of two bones  
groups, S19  
subgroups and qualifications, S22  
extra-articular  
groups, S19  
subgroups and qualifications, S20  
pediatric  
epiphyseal/radial head and neck, S140, S143  
metaphyseal, S144, S147
- S**
- Sacroiliac dislocations, S118
- Scaphoid  
bones, S75  
fractures, S76
- Scapula dislocations, S104, S107
- Scapula fractures, S68–S71  
extra-articular  
groups, S68  
subgroups, S69  
partial articular  
groups, S68  
subgroups, S70  
total articular  
groups, S68  
subgroups, S71
- Shoulder dislocations, S104–S107
- Spine dislocations, S111
- Spine fractures, S129–S132  
anterior or posterior element injury with distraction, S129, S131  
anterior or posterior element injury with rotations, S129, S132  
vertebral body compression, S129–S130
- Sternoclavicular dislocation, S104, S107
- Styloid process. *See* Radius/ulna fractures and dislocations, distal
- Supracondylar fractures, pediatric, S139–S140
- Symphysis pubic dislocation, S118–S119
- T**
- Talus  
avulsions, process and head fractures, S90–S91  
body fractures, S90–S91  
bones, S89  
neck fractures, S90–S91
- Tarsal metatarsal dislocations, S126–S127
- Thoracic spine dislocation, S111
- Tibia/fibula fractures and dislocations, combinations, pediatric, S159
- Tibia/fibula fractures, S43–S58  
diaphyseal, S47–S50  
complex  
groups, S47  
subgroups and qualifications, S50  
simple  
groups, S47  
subgroups and qualifications, S48  
wedge  
groups, S47  
subgroups and qualifications, S49  
distal, S51–S54  
complete articular  
groups, S53  
subgroups and qualifications, S54  
extra-articular  
groups, S51  
subgroups and qualifications, S52  
partial articular  
groups, S53  
subgroups and qualifications, S53  
malleolar, S55–S58  
infrasyndesmotomic  
groups, S55  
subgroups and qualifications, S56  
suprasyndesmotomic  
groups, S55  
subgroups and qualifications, S58  
transsyndesmotomic  
groups, S55  
subgroups and qualifications, S57  
proximal, S43–S46  
complete articular  
groups, S43  
subgroups and qualifications, S46  
epiphyseal, pediatric, S153  
extra-articular  
groups, S43  
subgroups and qualifications, S44  
partial articular  
groups, S43  
subgroups and qualifications, S45
- Tibiofemoral dislocations, S113–S114
- Tibiofibular dislocations, S113, S116–S117
- Trapezium fractures, S77
- Trapezoid fractures, S77
- Triquetrum fractures, S77
- Trochlear fractures, S15, S17
- Tuberosity, avulsion of, S7–S8
- U**
- Ulna. *See* Radius/ulna
- Ulnar carpal bone  
bones, S75  
fractures, S76
- Ulnohumeral dislocation, S108–S109
- V**
- Vertebral body compression fractures, S129–S130
- W**
- Wrist dislocations, S120–S121
- Y**
- Young-Burgess classification, S59